

# Ecriture du firmware

Utilisation de la bibliothèque RMT pour envoyer un nombre d'impulsions PWM précis.

```
#include "M5Unified.h"
#include "Module_Stepmotor.h"
#include "freertos/FreeRTOS.h"
#include "freertos/task.h"
#include "driver/rmt.h"

static Module_Stepmotor driver;

#define RMT_X_AXIS_CHANNEL RMT_CHANNEL_0 // Use RMT channel 0
#define RMT_Y_AXIS_CHANNEL RMT_CHANNEL_1 // Use RMT channel 1
#define RMT_Z_AXIS_CHANNEL RMT_CHANNEL_2 // Use RMT channel 2

#define PWM_FREQUENCY 15000 // Desired frequency in Hz
#define PULSE_COUNT 200 // Exact number of pulses

void setup() {
  Serial1.begin(115200, SERIAL_8N1, 35, 5);
  Serial2.begin(115200, SERIAL_8N1, 34, 26);
  Serial2.setTimeout(100);

  M5.begin();
  Wire.begin(21, 22, 400000UL);
  driver.init(Wire);
  driver.resetMotor(0, 0);
  driver.resetMotor(1, 0);
  driver.resetMotor(2, 0);
  driver.enableMotor(1);

  // Motor DIR
  pinMode(17, OUTPUT); // Axe X
  pinMode(13, OUTPUT); // Axe Y = -X
  pinMode(0, OUTPUT); // Axe Z
```

```

// Motor DIR
digitalWrite(17, 0);      // Axe X
digitalWrite(13, 1);      // Axe Y = -X
digitalWrite(0, 0);       // initialize in upward direction (Vz > 0)

// Convert frequency to time in microseconds
int period_us = 1000000 / PWM_FREQUENCY; // Full period in microseconds
int high_time = period_us / 2; // 50% duty cycle
int low_time = period_us / 2;

// Configure RMT X AXIS
rmt_config_t rmt_x_axis;
rmt_x_axis.channel = RMT_X_AXIS_CHANNEL;
rmt_x_axis.gpio_num = GPIO_NUM_16;
rmt_x_axis.mem_block_num = 1; // 1 memory block
rmt_x_axis.clk_div = 80; // 1 µs per tick (80 MHz / 80)
rmt_x_axis.tx_config.loop_en = false; // Do not loop
rmt_x_axis.tx_config.carrier_en = false;
rmt_x_axis.tx_config.idle_output_en = true;
rmt_x_axis.tx_config.idle_level = RMT_IDLE_LEVEL_LOW;
rmt_x_axis.rmt_mode = RMT_MODE_TX;

// Apply configuration
rmt_config(&rmt_x_axis);
rmt_driver_install(RMT_X_AXIS_CHANNEL, 0, 0);

// Configure RMT Y AXIS
rmt_config_t rmt_y_axis;
rmt_y_axis.channel = RMT_Y_AXIS_CHANNEL;
rmt_y_axis.gpio_num = GPIO_NUM_12;
rmt_y_axis.mem_block_num = 1; // 1 memory block
rmt_y_axis.clk_div = 80; // 1 µs per tick (80 MHz / 80)
rmt_y_axis.tx_config.loop_en = false; // Do not loop
rmt_y_axis.tx_config.carrier_en = false;
rmt_y_axis.tx_config.idle_output_en = true;
rmt_y_axis.tx_config.idle_level = RMT_IDLE_LEVEL_LOW;
rmt_y_axis.rmt_mode = RMT_MODE_TX;

// Apply configuration
rmt_config(&rmt_y_axis);

```

```

rmt_driver_install(RMT_Y_AXIS_CHANNEL, 0, 0);

// Configure RMT Z AXIS
rmt_config_t rmt_z_axis;
rmt_z_axis.channel = RMT_Z_AXIS_CHANNEL;
rmt_z_axis.gpio_num = GPIO_NUM_15;
rmt_z_axis.mem_block_num = 1; // 1 memory block
rmt_z_axis.clk_div = 80; // 1 µs per tick (80 MHz / 80)
rmt_z_axis.tx_config.loop_en = false; // Do not loop
rmt_z_axis.tx_config.carrier_en = false;
rmt_z_axis.tx_config.idle_output_en = true;
rmt_z_axis.tx_config.idle_level = RMT_IDLE_LEVEL_LOW;
rmt_z_axis.rmt_mode = RMT_MODE_TX;

// Apply configuration
rmt_config(&rmt_z_axis);
rmt_driver_install(RMT_Z_AXIS_CHANNEL, 0, 0);

// Create RMT items (each pulse is 2 items: HIGH then LOW)
rmt_item32_t pulse_wave[PULSE_COUNT];

for (int i = 0; i < PULSE_COUNT; i++) {
    pulse_wave[i].duration0 = high_time; // High for half period
    pulse_wave[i].level0 = 1; // HIGH
    pulse_wave[i].duration1 = low_time; // Low for half period
    pulse_wave[i].level1 = 0; // LOW
}

// Send the pulses
rmt_write_items(RMT_X_AXIS_CHANNEL, pulse_wave, PULSE_COUNT, false);
rmt_write_items(RMT_Y_AXIS_CHANNEL, pulse_wave, PULSE_COUNT, false);
rmt_write_items(RMT_Z_AXIS_CHANNEL, pulse_wave, PULSE_COUNT, false);
}

void loop() {
    // Nothing needed in loop; the RMT handles everything
}

```

